
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

SINGLE PACKAGE AIR CONDITIONERS

MODELS
P1242A1
P1248A1



Bard Manufacturing Company
Bryan, Ohio 43506

*Since 1914...Moving ahead, just
as planned.*

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Getting Other Information and Publications

These publications can help you install the air conditioner or heat pump. You can usually find these at your local library or purchase them directly from the publisher. Be sure to consult current edition of each standard.

National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70

Standard for the Installation ANSI/NFPA 90A
of Air Conditioning and
Ventilating Systems

Standard for Warm Air ANSI/NFPA 90B
Heating and Air
Conditioning Systems

Load Calculation for ACCA Manual J
Residential Winter and
Summer Air Conditioning

Duct Design for Residential ACCA Manual D
Winter and Summer Air Conditioning
and Equipment Selection

For more information, contact these publishers:

ACCA — Air Conditioning Contractors of America
1712 New Hampshire Ave. N.W.
Washington, DC 20009
Telephone: (202) 483-9370
Fax: (202) 234-4721

ANSI — American National Standards Institute
11 West Street, 13th Floor
New York, NY 10036
Telephone: (212) 642-4900
Fax: (212) 302-1286

**ASHRAE — American Society of Heating
Refrigerating, and
Air Conditioning Engineers, Incorporated**
1791 Tullie Circle, N.E.
Atlanta, GA 30329-2305
Telephone: (404) 636-8400
Fax: (404) 321-5478

NFPA — National Fire Protection Association
Batterymarch Park
P.O. Box 9101
Quincy, MA 02269-9901
Telephone: (800) 344-3555
Fax: (617) 984-7057

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

The equipment covered in this manual is to be installed by trained, experienced service and installation technicians. All duct work, supply and return ducts, must be properly sized for the design air flow requirement of the equipment. ACCA is an excellent guide to proper sizing. All duct work or portions thereof not in the conditioned space should be properly insulated in order to both conserve energy and prevent condensation or moisture damage.

SHIPPING DAMAGE

Upon receipt of equipment, the carton should be checked for external signs of shipping damage. If damage is found, the receiving party must contact the last carrier immediately, preferably in writing, requesting inspection by the carrier's agent.

GENERAL

The refrigerant system is completely assembled and charged. All internal wiring is complete.

The unit is designed for use with or without duct work. Flanges are provided for attaching the supply and return ducts.

These instructions explain the recommended method to install the air cooled self-contained unit and the electrical wiring connections to the unit.

These instructions and any instructions packaged with any separate equipment required to make up the entire heat pump system should be carefully read before beginning the installation. Note particularly "Starting Procedure" and any tags and/or labels attached to the equipment.

While these instructions are intended as a general recommended guide, they do not supersede any national and/or local codes in any way. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before the installation is made.

TABLE 1
ELECTRICAL DATA

Model	Rated Volts & Phases	Operating Voltage Range	Maximum Unit Amps	①	Minimum Circuit Ampacity	②	②
				Maximum External Fuses or Ckt. Brk.		Field Power Wiring	Ground Wire Size
				Ckt. A	Ckt. A	Ckt. A	Ckt. A
P1242A1	230/208-1	197 - 253	24.1	45	30	8	10
P1248A1	230/208-1	197 - 253	28.3	60	37	8	10
P1248A1-B	230/208-1	187 - 253	19.1	35	24	8	10

① Maximum time delay fuse or HACR type circuit breaker.

② 75 degree C cooper wire size, basic unit only.

FIELD INSTALLED HEATER PACKAGES (OPTIONAL)

These packaged air conditions are manufactured without supplementary electric heaters. Supplementary heaters, EH5PB series, are available for simple, fast field installation.

A separate power circuit is required for the supplementary heaters.

IMPORTANT: Refer to Tables 2 and 4 when designing duct work for maximum available static pressure with heater installed.

Refer to electrical data shown on pages 2 and 3 for proper application information on all available heater combinations and what units they can be used with. It also shows the applicable circuit ampacities, fuse size, and wire size for each heater combination.

**TABLE 2
OPTIONAL FIELD INSTALLED HEATER PACKAGES
ONLY TO BE USED WITH THE HEAT PUMP MODELS INDICATED**

Heater Package Model No.	Volts and Phases	P1242A1	P1248A1	P1248A1-B
EH5PB-A05 EH5PB-A10 EH5PB-A15	240/1	S S S	S S S	A A A
EH5PB-B09 EH5PB-B15	240/3	A A	A A	S S

S = Standard Application – Heater volts and phase same as basic unit
A = Alternate application – Heater volts and phase different from basic unit.

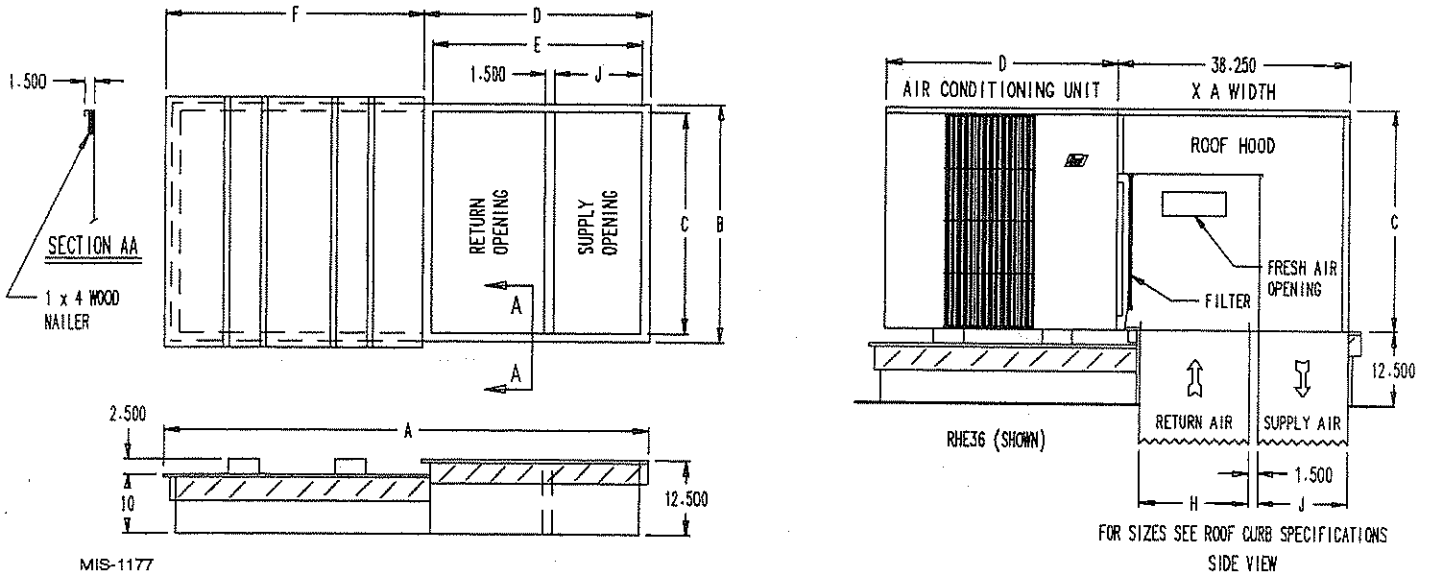
**TABLE 3
OPTIONAL FIELD INSTALLED ELECTRIC HEATER TABLE**

Heater Pkg. Model No.	Unit Volts Phases	Htr. KW & Capacity @ 240 Volts		Htr. KW & Capacity @ 208 Volts		240V Htr. Amps	Heater Internal Fuses	Circuit B				
		KW	BTUH	KW	BTUH			No. Field Circuits	Min. Circuit Ampacity	Max. Over-Current Protection	Field Power Wiring	Ground Wire Size
EH5PB-A05	240/208-1	5	17,100	3.05	12,800	20.8		1	26	30	10	10
EH5PB-A10	240/208-1	10	34,100	7.5	26,000	41.7		1	53	60	6	10
EH5PB-A15	240/208-1	15	51,200	11.25	38,400	62.5	30/60	1	79	80	4	8
EH5PB-B09	240/208-3	9	30,700	6.75	23,000	21.7		1	28	30	10	10
EH5PB-B15	240/208-3	15	51,200	11.25	38,400	36.2		1	50	50	8	10

- ① Time Delay fuses of "HACR" type circuit breakers must be used for 60 and smaller sizes. Standard fuses or circuit breakers are suitable for sizes 70 and larger. 480V circuit breakers are not "HACR" type.
- ② Based on wire suitable for 75 degree C. Other wiring materials must be rated for marked "Minimum Circuit Ampacity" or greater.
- ③ Based upon Table 250-95 of N.E.C. 1993. See electric data for basic heat pump for Circuit A wiring specification requirements.

IMPORTANT: While this electrical data is presented as a guide, it is important to electrically connect properly sized fuses and conductor wires in accordance with the National Electrical Code and all existing local codes.

**FIGURE 1
 PREFABRICATED ROOF CURB SPECIFICATIONS
 HEAVY GAUGE GALVANIZED WITH WOOD NAILING STRIP, WELDED/LEAKPROOF
 ONE PIECE CONSTRUCTION - READY TO INSTALL**



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CURB AND ROOF DETAILS

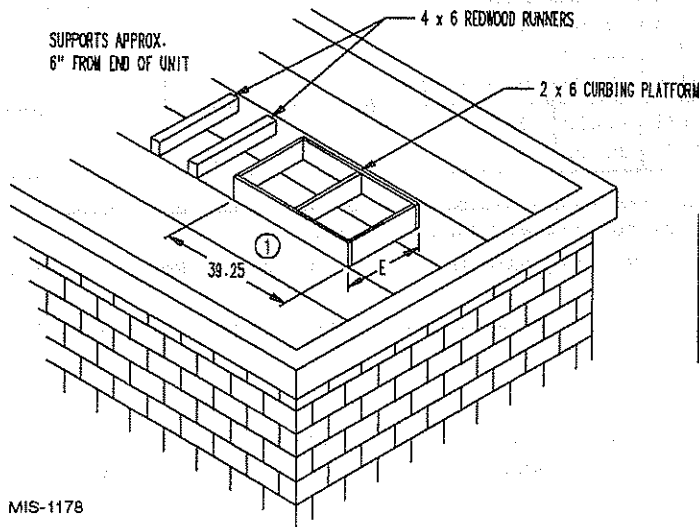
Roof Curb	A	B	C*	D	E	F	J*	H*	Roof Hood Model	Air Conditioning Units
9042-004	82-3/8	44-1/8	41-1/8	38-3/8	35-3/8	44	14-3/4	19-1/8	RHE60	P1242A1, P1248A1

*Duct Sizing Information

Return Air Dimension "C" is length
 Return Air Dimension "H" is width

Supply Air Dimension "C" is length
 Supply Air Dimension "J" is width

**FIGURE 2
 FIELD FABRICATED CURBING**



MIS-1178

Roof Hood Model	Unit Model	E
RHE60	P1242A1 P1248A1	44-7/8

① A SEPARATE METAL FLASHING SHOULD BE INSTALLED AROUND WOOD CURBING. CAULK & SEAL ALL JOINTS & WEATHERPROOF.

INSTALLATION

LOCATION

GENERAL

The unit must be located outside, or in a well ventilated area. It must not be in the space being heated or cooled. A sound absorbing material should be considered if the unit is to be installed in such a position or location that might cause transmission of sound or vibration to the living area or adjacent buildings.

SLAB MOUNTING

In areas where winter temperatures *DO NOT* go below 32° F for periods over twelve hours, the unit may be slab mounted at grade level. When installing unit at grade level, install on a concrete slab at least four inches above finished grade level. Slab should have a slope tolerance away from the building structure of at least 1/4 inch per foot, while being level from side to side. Place slab in a location where runoff water from higher ground will not collect around unit. See Figure 3.

A minimum of 18 inches should be provided between the coil inlet and any building surfaces. Provide at least four feet between coil outlet and any building wall, fences or other vertical structures. Provide a minimum of three feet clearance on the service access side of the unit. See Figure 4

ROOF MOUNTING

When a unit is installed in areas where low ambient temperatures or strong winter winds exist, it should be placed for prevailing winter winds are not in direct line with the outdoor coil. If this is not possible, a wind barrier should be constructed. Place barrier 24 inches from the coil inlet side of the unit and in the direction of prevailing winds. Size barrier at least the same height and width as the unit. This may be necessary on ground level installations, also. See Figure 5.

WINTER INSTALLATION BELOW 32°F

In areas where winter conditions go below 32°F for extended periods, the unit must be elevated above the mounting surface to prevent snowfall or ice accumulation from interfering with the operation of the unit. A minimum of twelve inch elevation is recommended, while greater elevation may be required for areas of high snow accumulation. Poured concrete, steel framework, brick, cement block, etc., can be utilized to construct a suitable raised mounting platform. See Figure 6.

DUCT WORK

Refer to Tables 4 when designing duct work for maximum static pressure available with the specific model and heater package being installed.

TABLE 4
RATED CFM AND
EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (ESP)

Model	Rated CFM	① Maximum ESP
P1242A1	1400	.50
P1248A1	1550	.50

① Motor will adjust to deliver rated airflow.

TYPICAL INSTALLATIONS

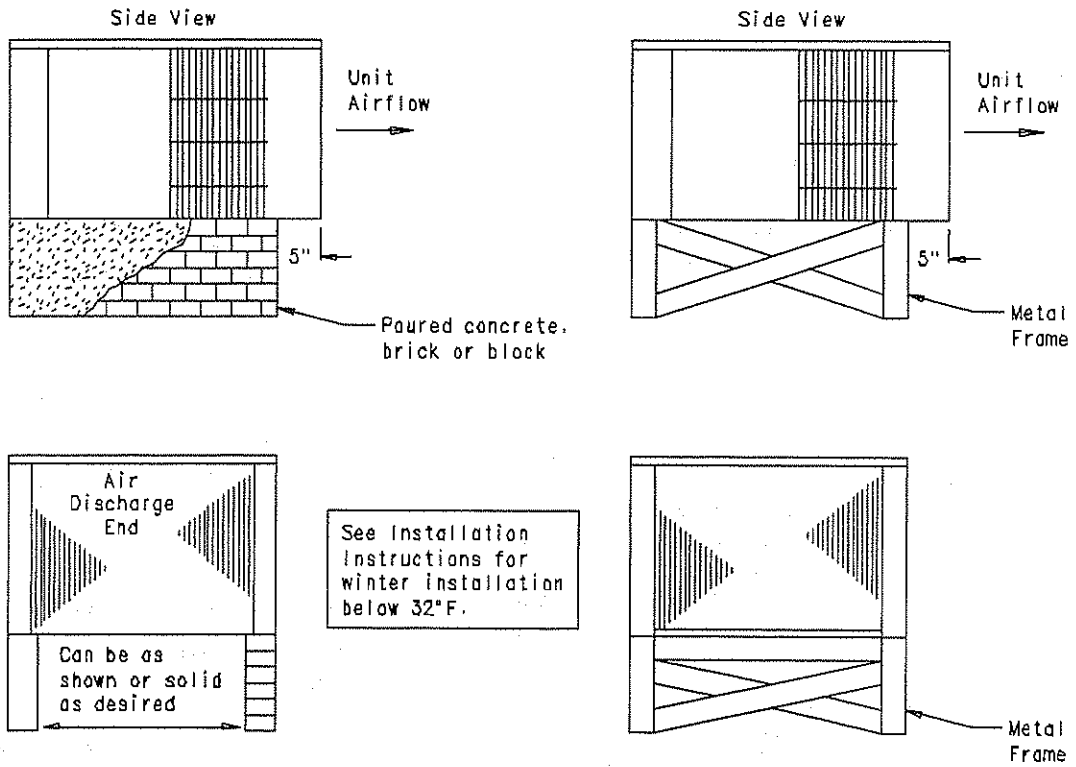
- 1. ROOF MOUNTED** – The unit is mounted on a sturdy base on the roof of the building. Return air to the unit is brought through a single return grille (grilles with built-in filters are best since they enable easy access for filter changing). Return air ducts are attached to the lower section of the front panel. Supply air is brought from the unit to attic duct work or to a furred down hall. Supply air duct is attached to the top of the front panel.

CAUTION: All outdoor duct work must be thoroughly insulated and weatherproofed. All attic duct work must be thoroughly insulated. Two inch thick insulation with suitable vapor barrier is recommended for both outdoor and attic runs.

In roof top installation, as in all installations, the air conditioner must be level from side to side. However, the unit should have a pitch along the length to assure complete external drainage of precipitation and of defrost condensate.

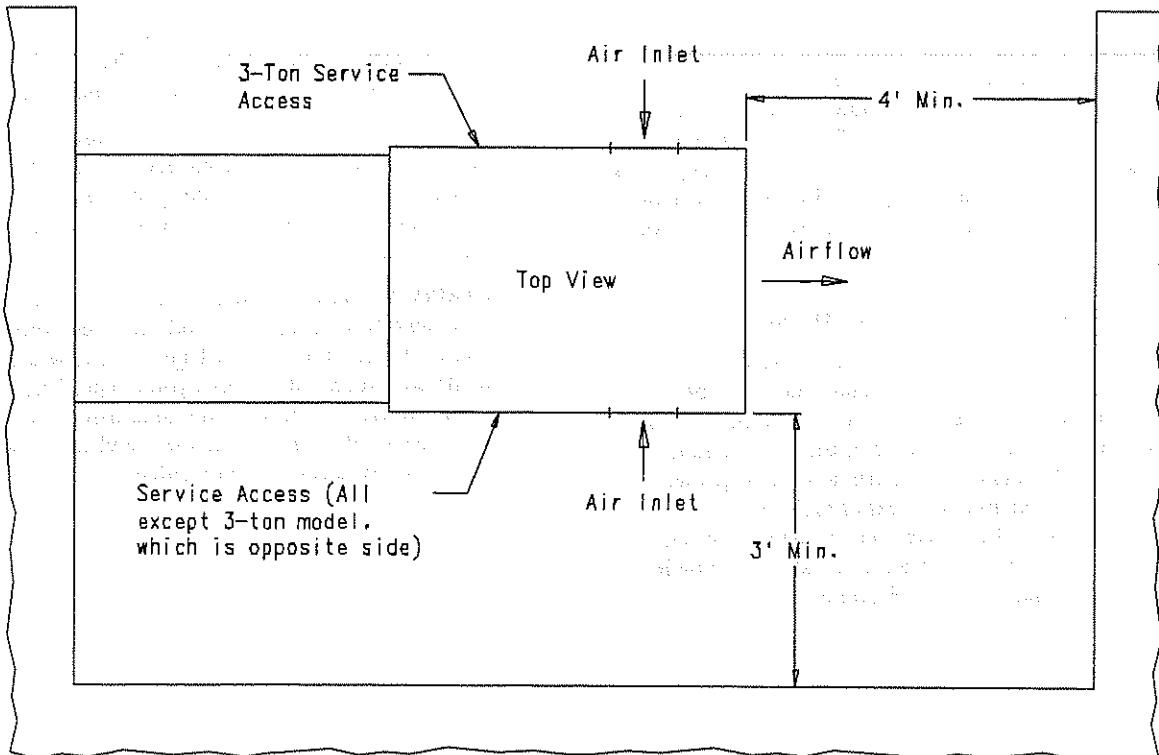
- 2. CRAWL SPACE** – Duct work installed in crawl space must be well insulated and provided with a vapor barrier. In addition, the crawl space must be thoroughly ventilated and provided with a good vapor barrier as a ground cover. It is most desirable to install the unit will be outdoors rather than inside the crawl space, so that it will be readily accessible for service.

**FIGURE 3
ELEVATED MOUNTING PLATFORMS**



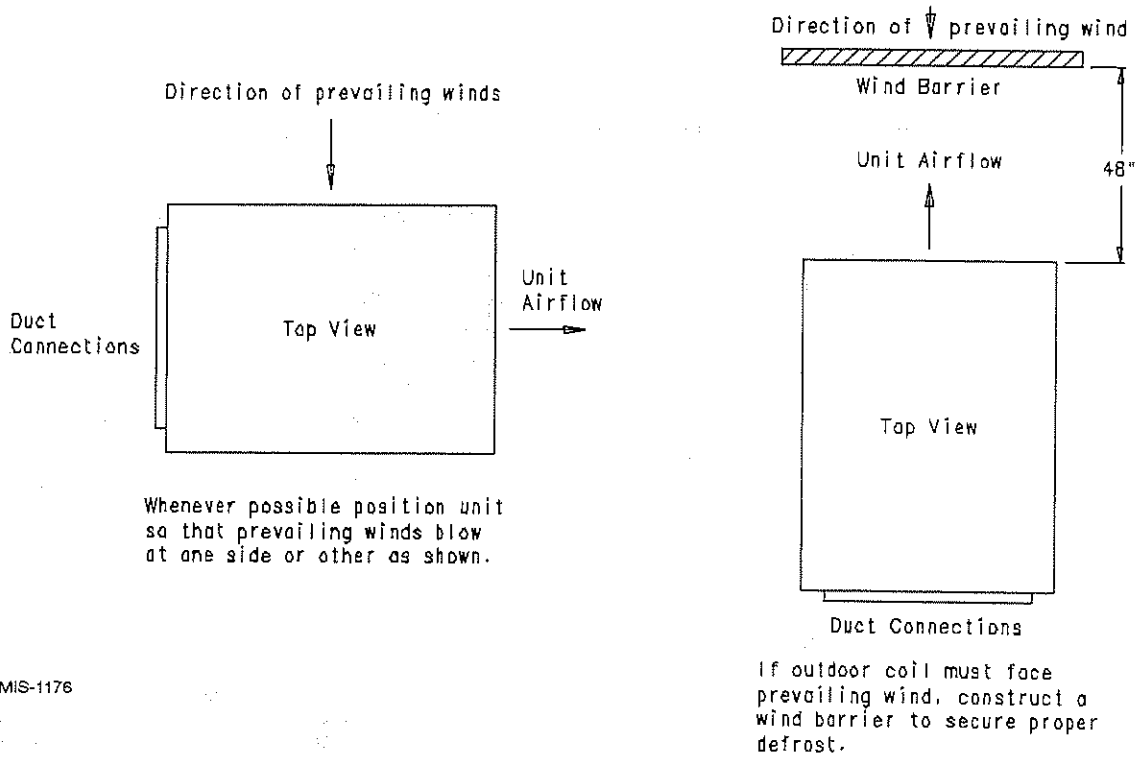
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**FIGURE 4
AIRFLOW and SERVICE ACCESS CLEARANCES**



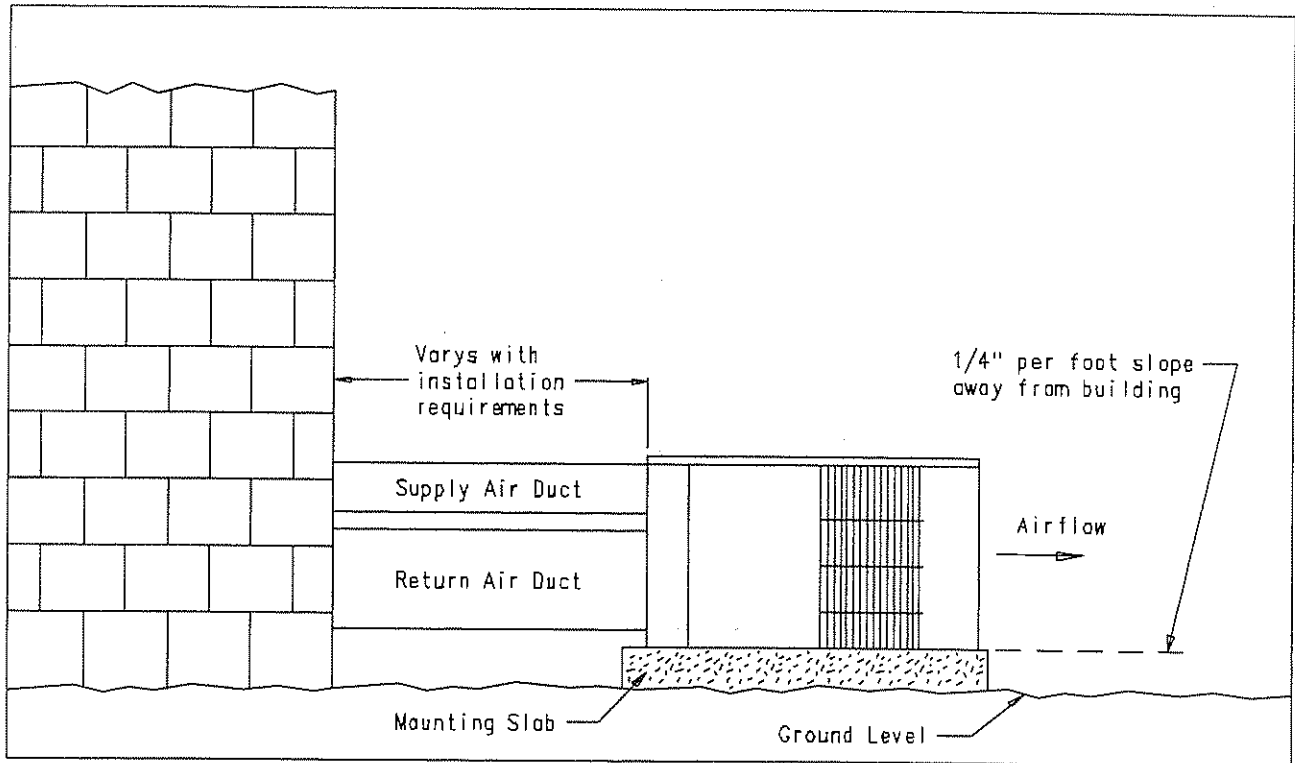
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FIGURE 5
ROOF TOP APPLICATION
 (May also be required for ground level installations.)



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FIGURE 6
SLAB MOUNTING AT GROUND LEVEL
 (Above 32° F Outside Temperature)



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3. **SLAB MOUNTED AT GROUND LEVEL** – This type installation is ideal for homes with a slab floor construction where a roof mounted unit is not desired. The supply and return duct work can be run through a furred closet space.
4. **THROUGH THE WALL** – This type installation requires a suitable framework to be fabricated capable of withstanding the unit weight. Normally the unit will be insulated so as to minimize supply and return duct work.
5. **OTHER INSTALLATIONS** – Many other installations are possible with the packaged air conditioner. No matter what the installation, always consider the following facts:
 - A. Insure that the discharge air is not obstructed in any way so as to cause operation difficulties.
 - B. The indoor coil drain pan is equipped with a coupling that must be piped through a condensate drain trap to a suitable drain.
 - C. Always mount the unit in such a position that it may be easily reached for servicing and maintenance.
 - D. Insure that the unit is clear so that proper air flow over the outdoor coil will be maintained.

If this unit is operated in cooling below a 65° outdoor ambient temperature, the installation of low ambient controls (CMA-6) to unit is required.

CONDENSATE DRAIN TRAP

It is very important to provide a trap in the condensate drain line to allow a positive liquid seal in the line and assure correct drainage from the coil condensate pan.

Install condensate drain trap shown in Figure 7. Use drain connection size or larger. Do not operate unit without trap. Unit must be level or slightly inclined toward drain. With a

trap installed on a unit located in an unconditioned area, water in the trap may freeze. It is recommended that the trap material be of a type that will allow for expansion of water when it freezes.

AIR FILTERS

Air filters for the return air side of the system are not provided as part of these models, and must be field supplied and installed as part of the final installation.

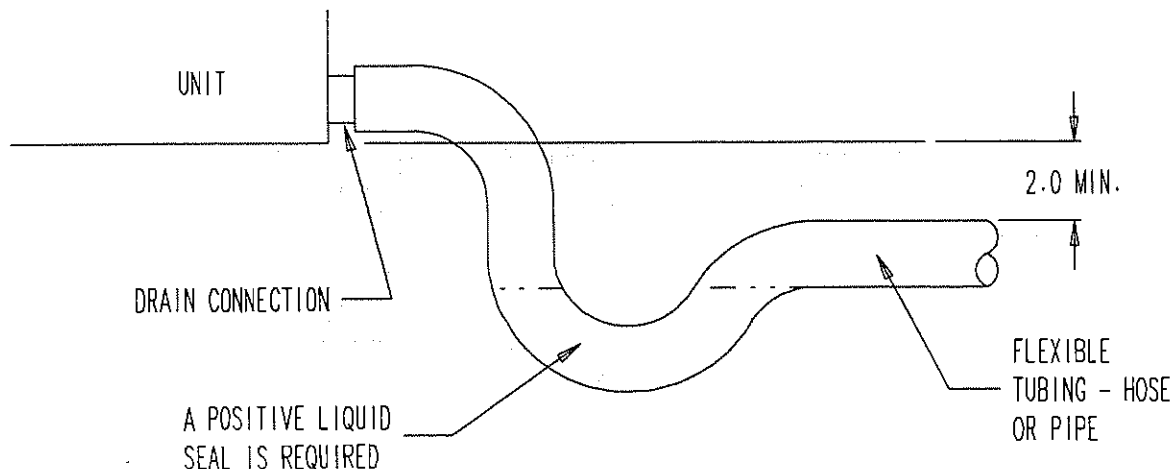
Prior thought should be given to return air location and placement of the air filter(s). The air filter(s) must be of adequate size and readily accessible to the operator of the equipment. Filters must be adequate in size and properly maintained for proper operation. If this is not done, excessive energy use, poor performance, and multiple service problems will result. *It is impossible to oversize air filters.* Generous sizing will result in cleaner air and coils as well as lower operating costs and extend the time between required changes. Table 5 shows minimum filter areas and recommended filter sizes. Actual filter sizes can vary with the installation due to single or multiple returns utilizing a filter/grille arrangement or being placed immediately ahead of the indoor coil face in the return air duct.

TABLE 5

Model	Minimum Filter Areas	Recommended Size
P1242A1 P1248A1	608 square inches (4.62 square feet)	(2) 16 x 20 x 1

NOTE: If roof hood accessory is to be used, information on air filters may be found under that heading in this manual. Air filters are supplied as part of that package.

FIGURE 7
CONDENSATE DRAIN TRAP



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WIRING – MAIN POWER

Refer to the unit rating plate for wire sizing information and maximum fuse size. Each outdoor unit is marked with a "Minimum Circuit Ampacity". This means that the field wiring used must be sized to carry that amount of current. If field installed heaters are added to the basic unit, a second separate power supply circuit will be required. The heater rating plate located adjacent to the basic unit rating plate will show the appropriate circuit ampacity fuse size, etc. (Also see "Electrical Data" on pages 2 and 3.) *All models are suitable for connection with copper wire only.* These instructions **must** be adhered to. Refer to the National Electrical Code for complete current carrying capacity data on the various insulation grades of wiring material.

The electrical specifications on page 2 and 3 lists fuse and wire sizes (75°F copper) for all models including the most commonly used heater sizes.

The unit rating plate lists a "Maximum Time Delay Fuse" or "HACR" type circuit breaker that is to be used with the equipment. The correct size must be used for proper circuit protection and also to assure that there will be no nuisance tripping due to the momentary high starting current of the compressor.

WIRING – 24V LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL CIRCUIT

Five (5) wires should be run from thermostat subbase to the 24V terminal board in the unit. A five conductor, 18 gauge copper, color-coded thermostat cable is recommended. The connection points are shown in Figure 8.

THERMOSTATS

See specific wiring information for the different models, heater KWs, and voltages on pages 13 and 14.

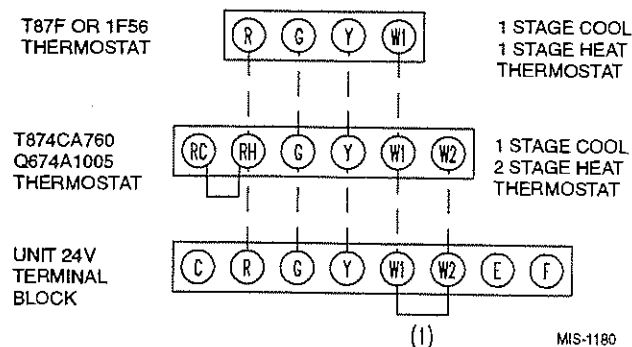
**TABLE 7
WALL THERMOSTAT and SUBBASE COMBINATIONS**

Thermostat	Subbase	Predominant Features
8403-019 ② (T874C1760)	8404-012 (Q674A1001)	1 stage cool, 2 stage heat System: heat-auto-cool Fan: on-auto
8403-002 ① (T87F3111)	8403-003 (Q539A1220)	1 stage heat, 1 stage cool System: Heat-off-cool Fan: on-auto
8403-009 (1F56-318)	-----	1stage heat, 1 stage col System: heat-off-cool Fan: on-auto

- ① No automatic changeover position – must be manually placed in heat or cool. Reversing valve remains energized at all times system switch is in heat position (except during defrost cycle). No pressure equalization noise when thermostat is satisfied on either heating or cooling.
- ② Allows thermostat to control both heating and cooling operation when set in "AUTO" position. Reversing valve de-energizes at end of each "ON" heating cycle.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Only the thermostat and subbase combinations as shown above will work with this equipment. The thermostat and subbase **MUST** be matched, and correct operation can be assured only by proper selection and application of these parts.

FIGURE 8 – LOW VOLTAGE WIRING



(1) Remove jumper for 2 stage electric heat on units with 15 or more KW

TABLE 6 – THERMOSTAT WIRE SIZE

Transformer VA	FLA	Wire Gauge	Maximum Distance In Feet
55	2.3	20	45
		18	60
		16	100
		14	160
		12	250

TRANSFORMER TAPS

230/208V, 1 phase and 3 phase equipment employ dual primary voltage transformers. All equipment leaves the factory wired on 240V tap. For 208V operation, reconnect from 240V to 208V tap. The acceptable operating voltage range for the 240 and 208V taps are:

TAP	RANGE
240	253 – 216
208	220 – 187

NOTE: The voltage should be measured at the field power connection point in the unit and while the unit is operating at full load (maximum amperage operating condition).

START UP AND OPERATION

THREE PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR START UP INFORMATION

Scroll compressors, like several other types of compressors, will only compress in one rotational direction. Direction of rotation is not an issue with single phase compressors since they will always start and run in the proper direction.

However, three phase compressors will rotate in either direction depending upon phasing of the power. Since there is a 50-50 chance of connecting power in such a way as to cause rotation in the reverse direction, verification of proper rotation must be made. Verification of proper rotation direction is made by observing that suction pressure drops and discharge pressure rises when the compressor is energized. Reverse rotation also results in an elevated sound level over that with correct rotation, as well as, substantially reduced current draw compared to tabulated values.

Verification of proper rotation must be made at the time the equipment is put into service. If improper rotation is corrected at this time there will be no negative impact on the durability of the compressor. However, reverse operation for over one hour may have a negative impact on the bearing due to oil pump out.

NOTE: If compressor is allowed to run in reverse rotation for several minutes the compressor's internal protector will trip.

All three phase ZR*3 compressors are wired identically internally. As a result, once the correct phasing is determined for a specific system or installation, connecting properly phased power leads to the same Fusite terminals should maintain proper rotation direction.

The direction of rotation of the motor may be changed by reversing any two line connections to the unit.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

COOLING – Circuit R-Y makes at thermostat pulling in compressor contactor starting the compressor and outdoor motor. The G (indoor motor) circuit is automatically completed on any call for cooling operation, or can be energized by manual fan switch on subbase for constant air circulation.

HEATING – A circuit R-W1 is completed on each heating cycle energizing electric heat if so equipped.

START UP NOTES

For improved start up performance, wash the indoor coil with dishwasher detergent

HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH AND LOCKOUT RELAY

The air conditioners are equipped with an auto reset high pressure switch and lockout relay. The lockout relay may be reset by turning the thermostat to off or satisfying the thermostat.

INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR

These models feature a variable speed (ECM) motor providing high efficiency, low sound levels and soft start capabilities. The motor is self adjusting to provide the proper air flow rate at duct static pressures up to 0.50" WC without user adjustment or wiring changes.

On command from the wall thermostat the motor will start slowly and ramp up to full speed over a period of 10- 15 seconds.

When the thermostat is satisfied the blower will operate for approximately 1 minute, and then slow down and stop.

SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

SERVICE HINTS

1. Caution homeowner to maintain clean air filters at all times. Also, not to needlessly close off supply and return air registers. This reduces air flow through the system which shortens equipment service life as well as increasing operating costs.
2. Check all power fuses or circuit breakers to be sure that they are the correct rating.
3. Periodic cleaning of the outdoor coil to permit full and unrestricted airflow circulation is essential.

PRESSURE SERVICE PORTS

High and low pressure service ports are installed on all units so that the system operating pressures can be observed. Pressure tables can be found in Table 10 in this manual covering all models on cooling cycle. It is imperative to match the correct pressure table to the unit by model number.

REFRIGERANT CHARGE

The correct system R-22 charge is shown on the unit rating plate. Optimum unit performance will occur with a refrigerant charge resulting in a suction line temperature (6" from compressor) as shown in Table 8.

TABLE 8

Model	Rated Airflow	95 Degree F OD Temperature	82 Degree F OD Temperature
P1242A1	1400	57 - 59	58 - 60
P1248A1	1550	55 - 57	59 - 61

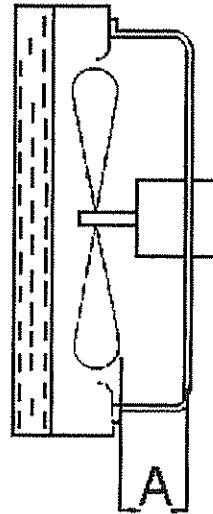
The above suction line temperatures are based upon 80°F dry bulb/67°F wet bulb (50% RH) temperature and rated airflow across the evaporator during cooling cycle.

FAN BLADE SETTINGS

Shown in Figure 9 are the correct fan blade setting dimensions for proper air delivery across the outdoor coil.

Any service work requiring removal or adjustment in the fan and/or motor area will require that the dimensions below be checked and blade adjusted in or out on the motor shaft accordingly.

FIGURE 9
FAN BLADE SETTING DIMENSIONS



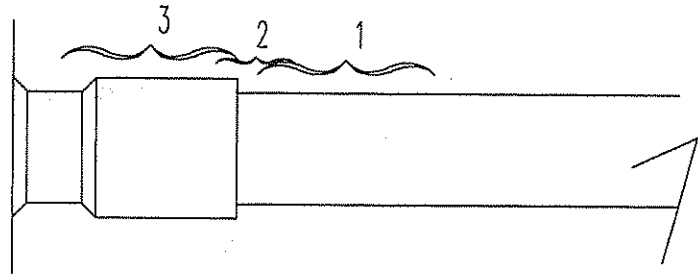
Model	Dimension A
P1242A1	1.75"
P1248A1	1.75"

SUCTION AND DISCHARGE TUBE BRAZING

Compliant Scroll compressors have copper plated steel suction and discharge tubes. These tubes are far more rugged and less prone to leaks than copper tubes used on other compressors. Due to different thermal properties of steel and copper, brazing procedures may have to be changed from those commonly used.

- To disconnect: heat joint Areas 2 and 3 slowly and uniformly until braze material softens and the tube can be pulled out of suction fitting. (See Figure 10.)
- To connect:
 - Recommended brazing materials: silfos with minimum 5% silver or silver braze material with flux.
 - Reinsert tube into fitting.
 - Heat tube uniformly in Area 1 moving slowly to Area 2. When joint reaches brazing temperature, apply brazing material. (See Figure 10.)
 - Heat joint uniformly around the circumference to flow braze material completely around the joint.
 - Slowly move torch into Area 3 to draw braze material into joint. (See Figure 10.)
 - *Do not* overheat joint.

**FIGURE 10
BRAZING DIAGRAM**



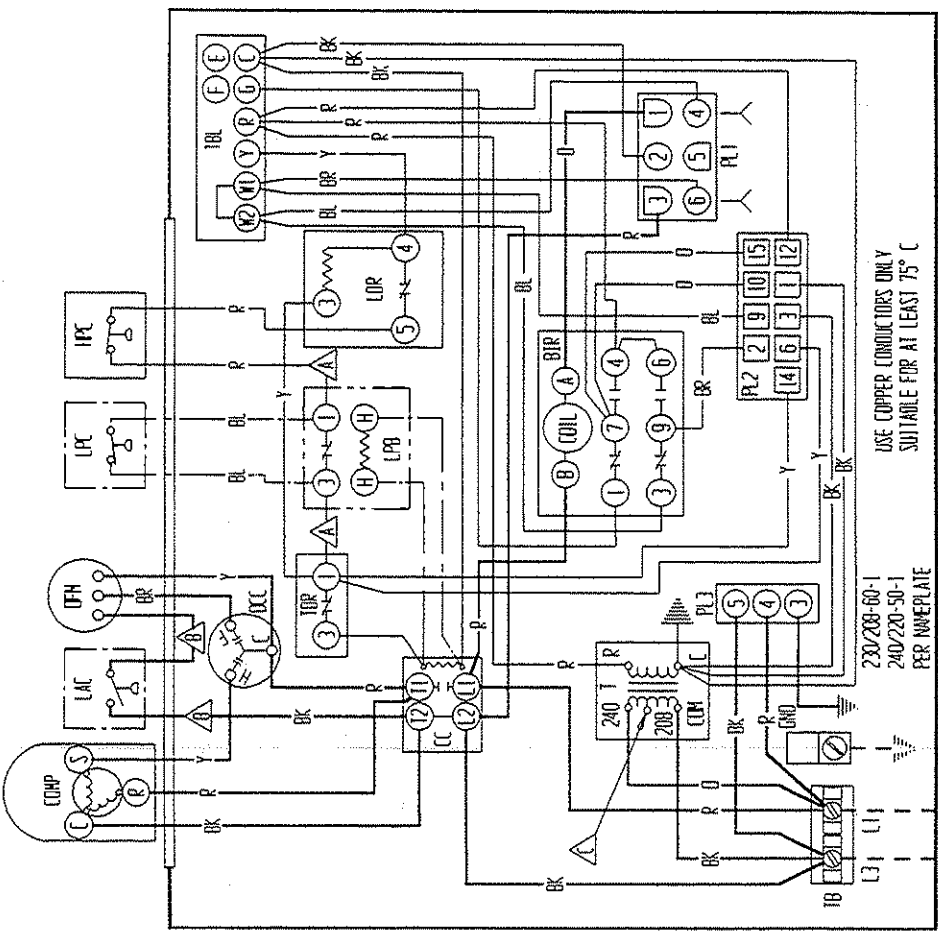
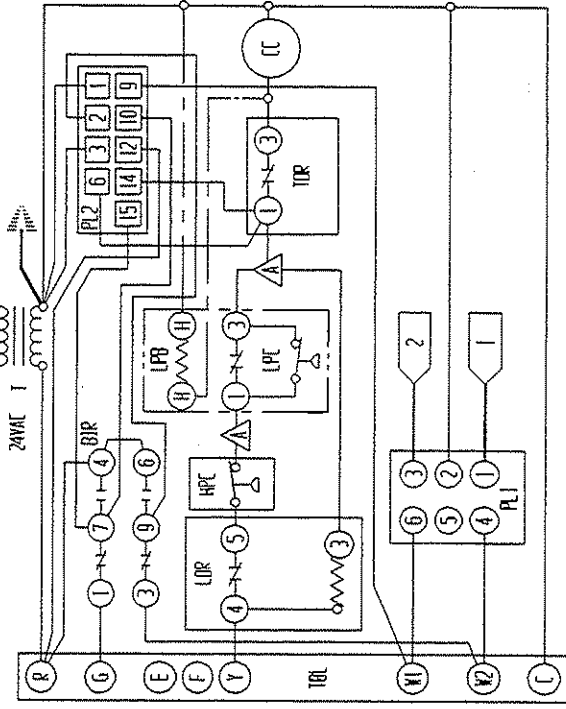
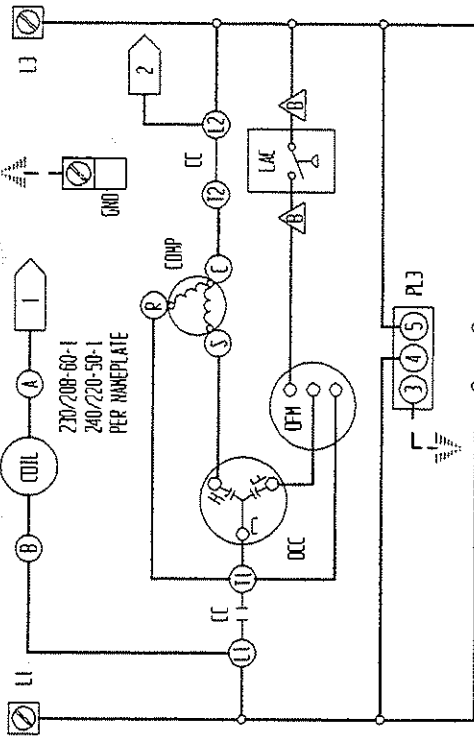
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**TABLE 9
PRESSURE TABLE**

COOLING

Air Temperature Entering Outdoor Coil Degrees F

Model	Return Air Temperature	Pressure	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115
PH1242	75 deg. DB 62 deg. WB	Low Side	70	72	74	76	78	79	80	81	82
		High Side	192	206	220	236	252	268	286	304	323
	80 deg. DB 67 deg. WB	Low Side	75	77	79	81	83	85	86	87	88
		High Side	197	211	226	242	258	275	293	312	331
	85 deg. DB 72 deg. WB	Low Side	78	80	82	84	86	88	89	90	91
		High Side	204	218	234	250	267	285	303	323	343
PH1248	75 deg. DB 62 deg. WB	Low Side	70	72	73	75	77	79	79	81	83
		High Side	200	215	230	247	263	281	298	317	336
	80 deg. DB 67 deg. WB	Low Side	75	77	78	80	82	84	85	87	89
		High Side	205	220	236	253	270	288	306	325	345
	85 deg. DB 72 deg. WB	Low Side	78	80	81	83	85	87	88	90	92
		High Side	212	228	244	262	279	298	317	336	357



USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY
SUITABLE FOR AT LEAST 75° C

230/208-60-1
240/220-50-1
PER NAMEPLATE

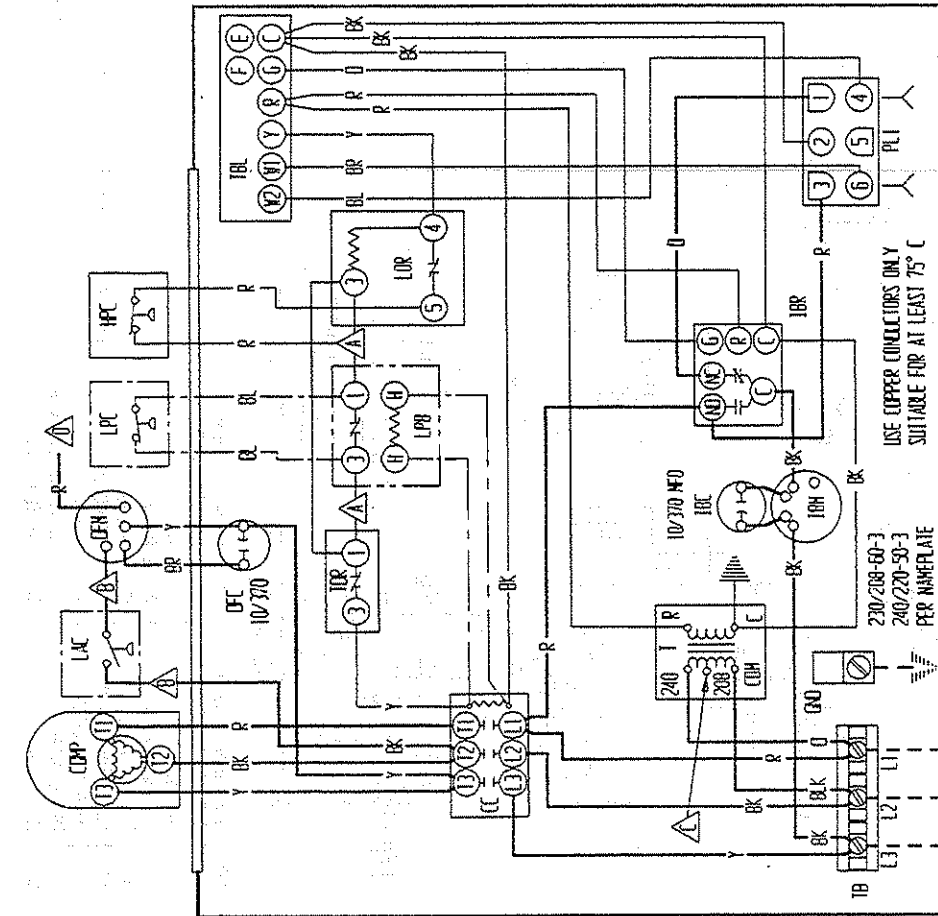
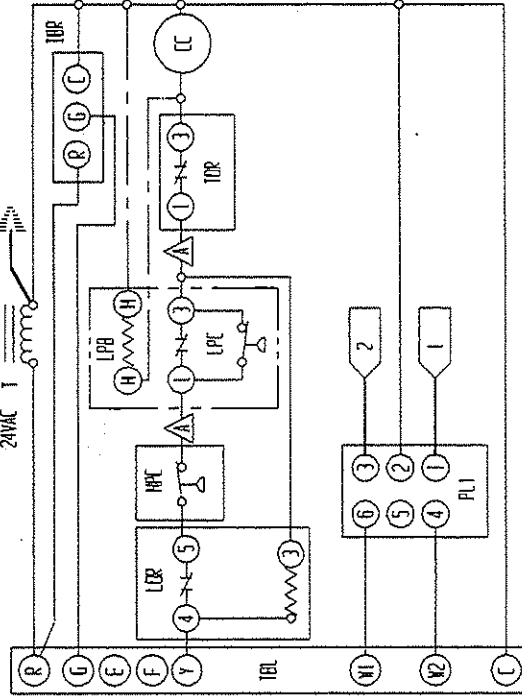
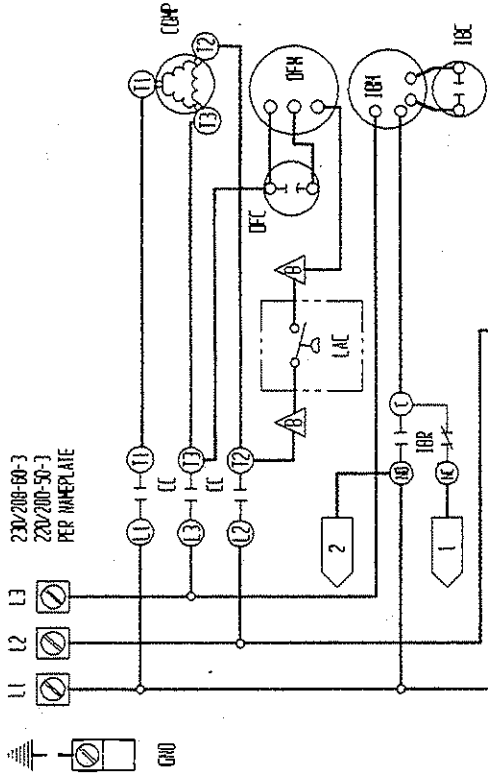
COMPONENT CODE	
BIR	BLOWER INTERLOCK RELAY
CC	COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR
COMP	COMPRESSOR
DCC	DUAL EAR CAPACITOR
GND	EQUIPMENT GROUND
HPC	HIGH PRESSURE CONTROL
LAC	LOW AMBIENT CONTROL
LOR	LOCK OUT RELAY
LPR	LOW PRESSURE DIPASS
LPC	LOW PRESSURE CONTROL
OFM	OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR
PL1	PLUS #1
PL2	PLUS #2
PL3	PLUS #3
T	TRANSFORMER
TB	TERMINAL BLOCK
TBL	LOW VOLTAGE TERMINAL BLOCK
TOR	TIME DELAY RELAY

△ Labeled wires connect if no options used. △ Move orange wire to 208V 1HP for 208V operation

FACTORY STD.		OPTIONAL	
HIGH VOLTAGE	FIELD	HIGH VOLTAGE	OPTIONAL
---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---

BARD MFG. CO.
4064-119

COLOR CODE	
BK	BLACK
BR	BROWN
R	RED
O	ORANGE
Y	YELLOW
G	GREEN
BL	BLUE
W	WHITE
Y	YELLOW (PR)
G	GREEN (S)
BL	BLUE (S)
W	WHITE (S)
T	TAN
PK	PINK
L	LAVENDER



COMPONENT CODE		COLOR CODE				FACTORY STD.		OPTIONAL	
CC	COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR	Y	G	BL	Y	---	---	---	---
COMP	COMPRESSOR	Y	G	BL	Y	---	---	---	---
OCC	DUAL CAP CAPACITOR	Y	G	BL	Y	---	---	---	---
GRD	EQUIPMENT GROUND	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IFC	HIGH PRESSURE CONTROL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IBC	INDOOR BLOWER MOTOR	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IBR	INDOOR BLOWER RELAY	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
LAC	LOW AMBIENT CONTROL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
LUR	LOCK OUT RELAY	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
LPH	LOW PRESSURE BYPASS	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
LPC	LOW PRESSURE CONTROL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
DFC	OUTDOOR FAN CAPACITOR	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
DFH	OUTDOOR FAN MOTOR	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
GND	PLUG #1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IFC	TRANSFORMER	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IBC	TERMINAL BLOCK	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IBR	LOW VOLTAGE TERMINAL BLOCK	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
IBY	TIME DELAY RELAY	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

▲ Labeled wires connect if no options used.

▲ High red wire to 208V 1AP for 208V operation. ▲ Red wire for 50 Hz. operation only.

BLACK	BROWN	RED	ORANGE	YELLOW	GREEN	BLUE	WHITE	VIOLET	PURPLE	GRAY	SLATE	TAN	PINK	LAVENDER
BK	BR	R	O	Y	G	B	W	V	PL	GR	SL	TN	PK	LV

DARD MFG. CO.
4054-213 B